

Decarbonization Journey Update

October 8, 2024

GSTC

GLOBAL SYNGAS
TECHNOLOGIES COUNCIL



Burns & McDonnell – At a Glance



TOP
5%
SAFETY
RANKINGS



13,500
EMPLOYEES



\$6B
REVENUE



60+
OFFICES
WORLDWIDE



1898
FOUNDED



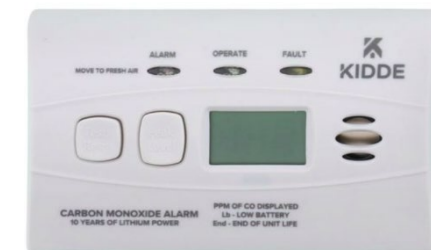
100%
EMPLOYEE
OWNED

Safety Moment



Install / Inspect CO Monitor

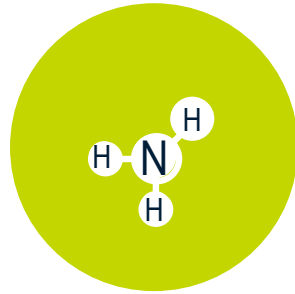
- Natural gas boiler failure
 - Obstruction in exhaust overheated condensing boiler
 - Overheating severely damaged flue gas exhaust seal
 - Boiler trouble code, so cover temporarily removed
 - Technician measured high concentration of CO near damaged seal
- Local CO monitor unplugged, and battery removed
 - Spouse did in middle of night while traveling for business...
- Need to ensure ENTIRE family understands the serious aspect of a CO alarm



Agenda



**Legislative and Legal
Update**



Hydrogen & Ammonia



**Carbon Capture &
Storage**



Future for Syngas

Legislative and Legal Update



The Decarbonization Investment

IIJA

Infrastructure Investment
and Jobs Act

+

IRA of 2022

Inflation Reduction Act of 2022

Jump-start Investment

Economic Engine



IIJA Update

- Extremely slow progress by DOE in distributing grants
- Hydrogen
 - Hydrogen hub funding for 7 hubs in year-long negotiations
 - \$90 million released to 3 hubs for study and analysis
 - Awarded at 15% cost match, not 50% as many potential projects assumed
- Carbon Capture
 - Pilot (80%) and demonstration (50%) projects awarded and in negotiations
- Direct Air Capture
 - DOE awarded 2 projects, announced another round of funding
- Loan Program Office (LPO)
 - Only \$10 billion loaned out of \$400 billion available
 - Becoming the preferred choice over DOE grants
 - Equipped to take “FOAK” (First of a Kind) risks



Status of IRA of 2022

- Values included in bill based on DOE “cost of production” models
 - Considered CHEAP renewables or curtailed power for hydrogen
 - Aspirational DOE direct air capture value (\$180/ton versus \$800+/ton actual)
- Hydrogen
 - Treasury issued guidance requiring only new renewables and no nuclear
 - Treasury will revise final guidance by end of 2024
 - Yearly inflation adjustment starts in 2026
- Carbon Capture
 - Coal potential to clear \$85 / ton threshold, but plants still targeted by EPA
 - Gas generation was already marginal as flue gas concentration 1/3 of coal
- Inflation, inflation, inflation
 - Projects now mostly “out of the money”



What Could Make a Difference?

- Congress adjusting the Production Tax Credit (PTC) values for inflation
 - 40% capital cost increase since 2022
 - New baseline and inclusion of carbon capture in adjustments
 - Potential for bipartisan support regardless of election
- Local and regional incentives
 - California Low Carbon Fuel Standard (LCFS) great example
- Treasury revising hydrogen guidance
 - Harris admin – trash published guidance and rewrite
 - Trump admin – very tough to make more restrictive than already done...



Chevron Deference

- Rule-making process versus Congressional legislative direction
 - EPA established regulations solely through rule-making process (e.g. Mercury)
 - Chevron Deference referenced less frequently in past decade
- Removed 6-year statute of limitation
 - Now only need to show harm within past 6 year
- Similar outcome to lawsuits regardless of election
 - Harris admin – courts will determine acceptable adjustments
 - Trump admin – settle lawsuits with “adjusted” rules



Hydrogen & Ammonia

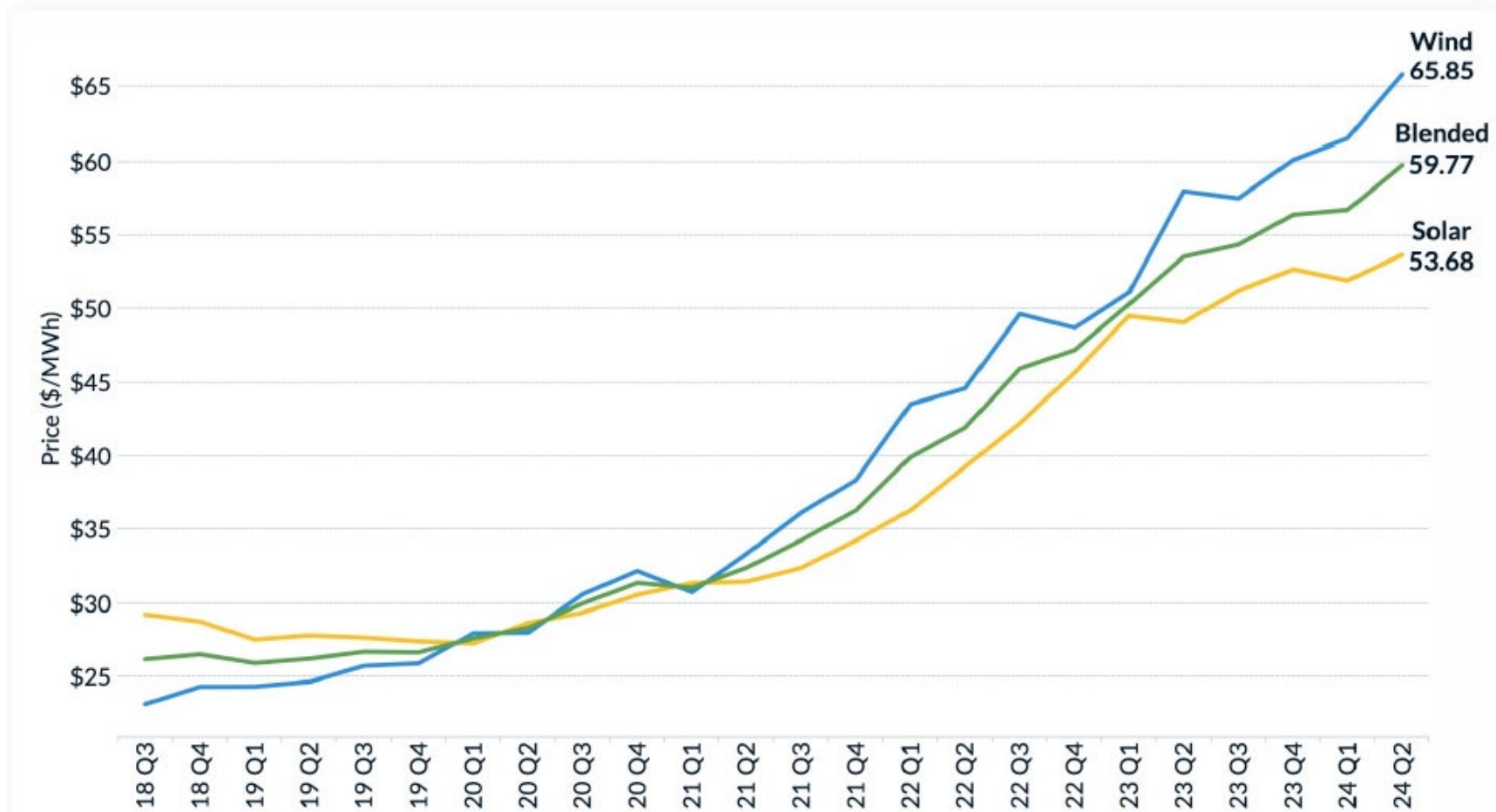


Green H₂ and Green Ammonia Update

- Hundreds of announced mega-projects for “Green Hydrogen”
 - Many GW of power needed
 - Developers just “piled on” announcements without developing a viable pro forma
- Unreasonable power cost assumptions
 - 40-60% of “Green Hydrogen” production costs is power
 - Power costs used by DOE more indicative of a stranded asset
 - Competition for curtailed power not considered (e.g. transmission upgrades)
 - Treasury guidance delivered the “dagger to the heart”



Renewable PPA Pricing



Source: https://go.leveltenenergy.com/l/816793/2024-07-15/39d8hg/816793/1721077080m3Z1pik8/2024Q2_NA_PPAPriceIndex_ES.pdf

BIG Winner thus far is “Blue Ammonia”!!!

- “Blue Hydrogen” to “Blue Ammonia” production
 - Natural gas SMR/ATR w/ carbon capture + Fischer Tropsch process
- Japan, Korea, Singapore
 - Seeing highly bankable long-term contracts
 - 20-year vision – extensive public/private collaboration
 - Alternative fuels cost substantially more, so reasonable choice
- E.U. expressing interest too
 - “Gaming” production method means less bankable contracts
- Minimal reliance on IRA of 2022 tax credits to continue



Carbon Capture & Storage



Breaking News...

ENERGYWIRE ◆

ADM pauses Illinois carbon injection as it probes second leak

By Carlos Anchondo | 10/03/2024 06:41 AM EDT

Archer-Daniels-Midland sent EPA a letter about the conditions it is monitoring deep underground.



An Archer-Daniels-Midland plant is seen in Decatur, Illinois. PR Newswire

Elements of Successful CCUS Project

Capture Facility

+

CO₂ Pipeline

+

Sequestration

Geological or Enhanced Oil Recovery

Capture Facility

- Flue gas carbon capture technology has been proven at near scale
 - Petro Nova facility in Texas (suspended operations for several years based on economics)
- Industrial process facilities well proven
 - Ethanol
 - Steam Methane Reformer / Autothermal Reformer
 - Gasification



Source: U.S. DOE



CO₂ Pipeline Challenge

- Permitting, permitting, permitting
 - Stakeholder support challenged even in Midwest (Iowa)
- Environmental community
 - ADM leak issue SURE to have negative impact
 - Still involves burning of a fossil fuel
 - Methane emissions during production and transport of natural gas



Class VI CO₂ injection well permitting

- EPA was marching forward with state Class VI programs
 - Primacy granted to North Dakota, Wyoming, and Louisiana
 - West Virginia, Texas, New Mexico, others were in process
- Permitting durations
 - North Dakota achieved 8 months
 - Wyoming achieved 12 months
 - Federal EPA was targeting reduction to 24 months
- Primacy coupled with new laws by state legislatures
 - Accepting state liability and/or ownership (after 10 years) of sequestered CO₂
 - Protecting state revenue from oil and gas development



Regionally???

EPA NSPS Requirements for New NGCC

- New Source Performance Standard (NSPS)
 - Applicable for new fossil generation
 - EPA delayed existing unit requirements till 2025
- Natural Gas Combined Cycle (NGCC)
 - If >40% capacity factor, then Carbon Capture & Sequestration required
 - \$2B in control equipment on a \$1.3B natural gas combined cycle plant
- Lawsuits in process
 - Edison Electric Institute (EEI) challenging after supporting prior Clean Power Plan
 - Decision imminent on Supreme Court stay ruling
 - Much tougher for EPA to argue CCUS is “adequately demonstrated” for entire country



What are likely outcomes from ADM event?

- Federal EPA likely to pause issuing state primacy and Class VI permits
 - Material requirement for monitoring wells already recently changed
 - Time period for review and analysis (6+ months)
- Environmental groups will challenge existing Class VI permits
- North Dakota, Wyoming and Louisiana will continue to march forward
 - Already fully experienced with oil and gas type of risks
 - EOR likely to gain favor again
- Potential for negative perception of Direct Air Capture (DAC) technologies
- Stranded asset risk for investors



Future for Syngas



Blue Syngas Future is ~~Bright~~ Unknown

- “Blue” Hydrogen / Ammonia was clear winner over “Green”
 - Class VI well permitting facilitates this future
 - “Perfect” not achievable, marching back to “Good”
- Big RNG focus until fuel supply all used up
 - Primarily animal waste digesters
- Potential for negative carbon production processes
 - Capture + reduced carbon feedstock = <0
 - Competition for Direct Air Capture (DAC)?



Political Future of Syngas

- Harris Administration

- Continue pushing out IIJA DOE monies to “new” recipients
- Need to redirect monies to fix financial viability of SAF projects
- Continued misunderstanding by DOE of how private investment decisions are made
 - Exception is DOE Loan Program Office
- EPA NSPS CCS requirement will need to be reconsidered



- Trump Administration

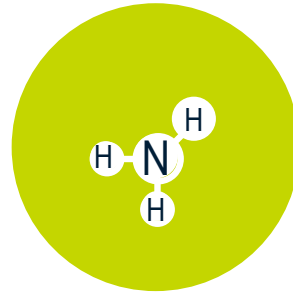
- State and local incentives in absence of federal market driver
- Any “redirected” IIJA monies likely to benefit syngas production methods
- Unlikely to entirely undermine IRA of 2022 Production Tax Credits



Summary



**IIJA and IRA Impact
Challenged by Inflation**



**Hydrogen Challenged,
but Ammonia Emerging
as Winner**



**Regional Carbon
Capture & Storage
May Proceed**



**Future of Syngas is
Unknown**

Q&A



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